# In Work Progression

## An employer's guide

The Department for Work and Pensions is committed to supporting Universal Credit Claimants to increase their earnings. We want everyone to be able to find a job, progress in work and thrive in the labour market, whoever they are and wherever they live.

The Jobcentre Plus network means that DWP is well placed to:

- Build a national, but locally tailored, support offer for in-work claimants
- Provide upskilling and other provision for those already in work
- Build effective partnerships at national and local level with a focus on progression

The key aims of the offer are to support people to:

- Increase their earnings
- Provide access to skills and vocational provision
- Gain better paid, higher quality of work.

### How Employers can help with In Work Progression



- Do you have capacity to provide more contracted hours?
- Are you able to provide a more stable contract?



- Can you provide an increase in hourly earnings?
- Are their opportunities for promotion or a move with greater prospects of progression?



- Are there areas where your workforce could be upskilled to increase their earnings?
- Could you offer inhouse upskilling or allow time off for employees to attend external training?

### Why Focus on In Work Progression?

In 2019, the Department for Work and Pensions commissioned Ipsos MORI to produce the Future Cohort Survey. The survey looked at barriers to progression and identified 3 key categories:-

#### Internal drivers including confidence / risk appetite

- Lack of confidence to take up new roles
- Perceived as being too difficult to rebalance commitments
- Lack of understanding of progression opportunities
- No Mentors/role models
- Content with current

#### Barriers to Progression

#### Logistical / Structural

- Geography of job
- Transport
- Caring responsibilities
- Lack of flexible working / employer support
- Incentives for progression in universal credit
- Structure of training / apprenticeships

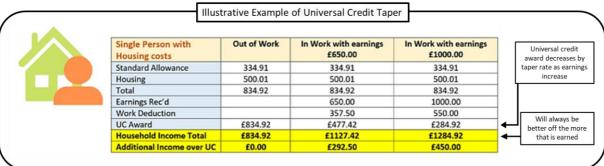
- Lack of previous educational attainment / accredited training
- Gaps in functional skills
- Ease of access / cost of courses
- Lack of clear progression pathways
- Lack of employer L&D pathways



There is no limit to how many hours a claimant can work. This means that Universal Credit will not necessarily be stopped if they -

- work extra hours
   have more than one job
- get bonus payments
   are on a zero-hours contract
- get overtime





### **Helping Parents**



Universal Credit supports working parents by offering more generous childcare support.

The Child Care Choices site is a good resource to calculate what your employee could be entitled to.

For children under 17

Receive up to 85% of eligible childcare costs. They could receive

- Up to £951 per month for one child
- Up to £1,630 per month for 2 or more.
- We can also pay for up-front Childcare costs to support when starting or increasing work.



Benefits Calculators can illustrate how employees can be better off working more hours













Benefits calculators

www.gov.uk/benefits-calculators

Becoming Disability confident and using Access to Work can really support employees with health conditions to stay in work









We are keen to discuss how we can help you as well as the benefits of In Work progression for your employees and business.

Please contact your District Provision Lead : Shane Norman, Surrey & Sussex District Email : surreyandsussex.employeroffersinbox@dwp.gov.uk